







# **Traffic Light Protocol**

Assignment	Description	TLP tag example
RED	Information is exchanged on a personal, confidential basis. Further dissemination is not permitted and the information will not be stored.	TLP:RED OOO
AMBER	The information may only be shared with colleagues within one's own organization on a need-to-know basis and with customers who need to receive this information so that they can protect themselves or prevent further damage with it. The sender may place a restriction on the dissemination of the information. The restriction must be included in the TLP:AMBER coding.	TLP:AMBER  With restriction:  TLP:AMBER - STRICT
GREEN	The information is not public but may be freely shared within the work environment. However, the information may not be published.	TLP:GREEN
CLEAR	Free distribution allowed, of course taking into account e.g. copyright.	TLP:CLEAR

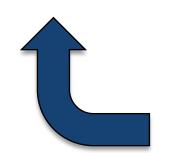




#### **TLP:CLEAR**

## \$ whoami







Karl Lovink
Technical Lead SOC
Dutch Tax and Customs
Administration
<a href="mailto:kw.lovink@belastingdienst.nl">kw.lovink@belastingdienst.nl</a>









- Technical Lead SOC Belastingdienst
- Mentor DEF CON Blue Team Village
- Chair anti-DDoS Coalition WG Exercises
- Liaison NCSC
- 3 18 Security Analysts
- Started in June 2010













#### Who do we work for?





#### Berichtenbox

In de Berichtenbox ontvangt u berichten van de overheid.

→ Naar de Berichtenbox







Mijn toeslagen

- Citizens and companies.
- Sustomers within the service.
- Customers outside the service.











## IV – Facts and Figures



24 Petabyte storage



1.600 applications



> 2.000 Physical> 2.150 Virtual



30 million LoC



3 locations



> 50.000 mobile devices



43.000 notebooks/pc



> 300 apps







### **Definition Security Operations Center**

"A Security Operation Center (SOC) is a centralized function within an organization employing

people, processes, and technology

to continuously monitor and improve an organization's security posture while

preventing, detecting, analyzing, and responding to cybersecurity incidents."

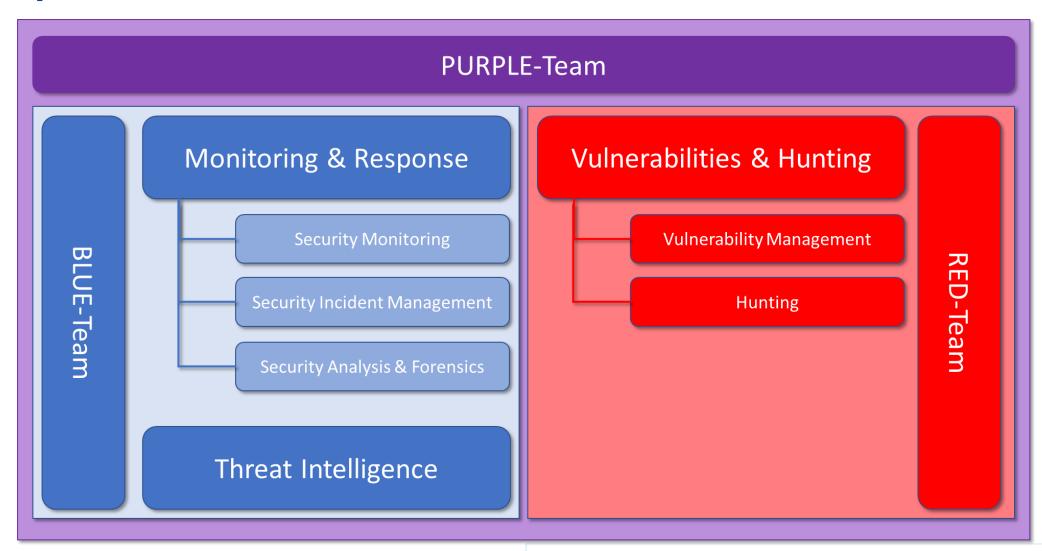
Bron: McAfee







## Main processes SOC



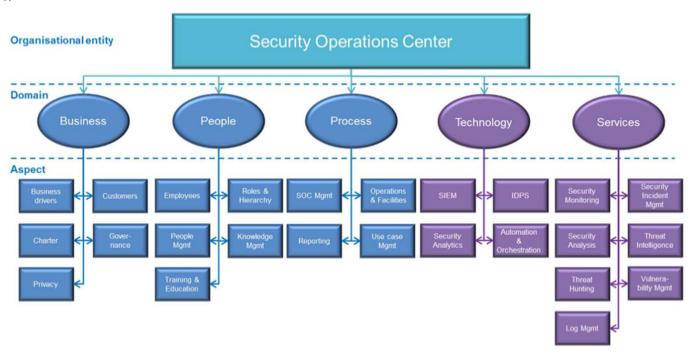






## Main processes SOC

- SOC-CMM services mapping to SOC processes.
- Making it measurable.
- Mapping to NIST Cyber Security Framework.
- More on SOC-CMM at the end of this talk.



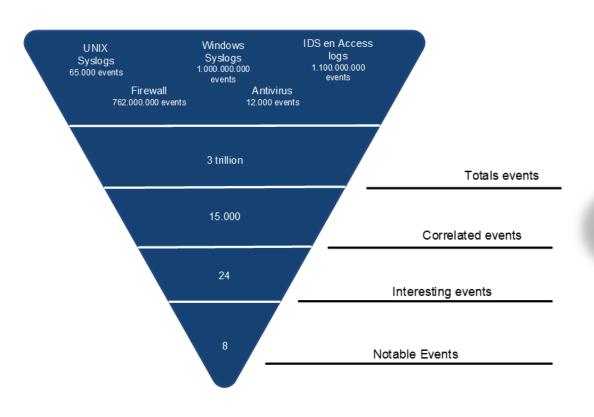
3ron: https://www.soc-cmm.com

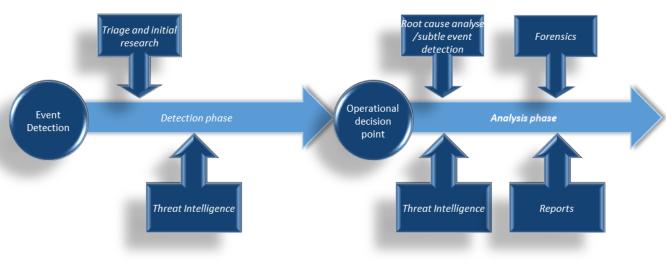






## Challenge Security Monitoring: from events to incidents











#### Monitoring & Response - Scope

The SOC deals with Security Monitoring, examples of which are:

- W unauthorized account creation in the domain "Belastingdienst";
- use of honey token account.

Examples not covered by security monitoring:

- an unexpected restart;
- w unexpected restoration of a backup;
- availability of an application;
- abnormalities in behavior.







### Monitoring & Response – Use-cases

What is a SOC use-case?

"Methodology used by the SOC team to identify and organize technical and organizational requirements for detection and response to specific threats"

From 4 Terabytes per day to less than 25 incidents.....









#### Monitoring & Response - Use-case examples

- Inside to inside:
  - unauthorized creation of users;
  - use of "honey token accounts".
- Outside to inside:
  - DDoS detection;
  - inbound malware;
  - Macking attempts, exploiting vulnerabilities, Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure.
- Inside to outside:
  - detection of network traffic to botnets, malware workstations.
- Outside to outside:
  - @ reports from citizens about Phishing/Smishing.







- Objective:
  - Why is the creation of this use case adding value to the business and what will it accomplish? Insight for managers on current detection capabilities.
- Threat:
  - What threats and security risks do we want to protect ourselves against?
  - ginking to the MITRE ATT@CK framework. Possibility of additional classifications, for example Digid, BIR;
  - gives a background as to why the use-case is being drawn up.

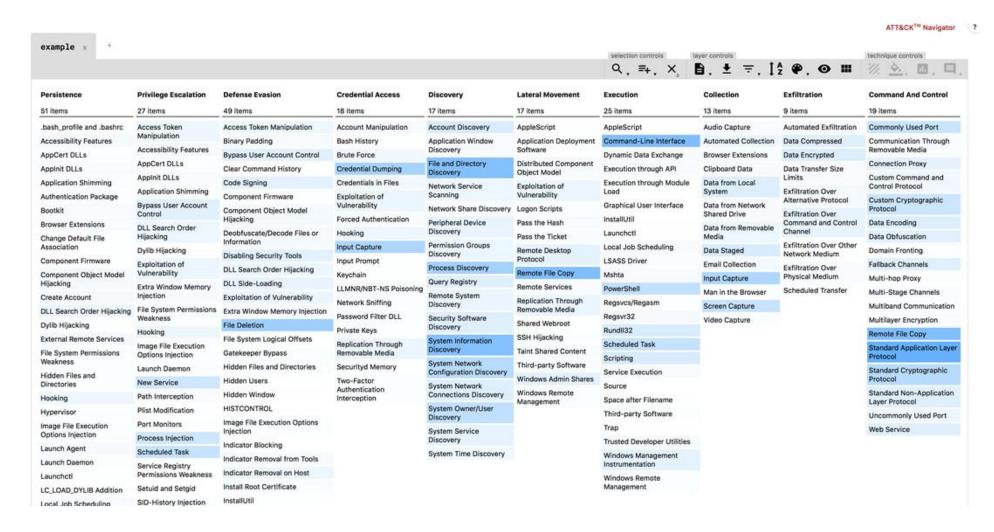








### MITRE Att@ck Matrix for Enterprises









- Stakeholders:
  - mapping stakeholders; are not necessarily the owners of the use case;
  - examples are HR, security officers etc;
  - format by stakeholder matrix.
- Data Requirements:
  - What raw log/packet/flow/endpoint data sources are required for the use case;
  - requirements for high and low level data.









- Logic:
  - Mere the source data is displayed to give an understanding of how the use case is structured;
  - ® configure tools, screenshots to clarify aspects.
- Testing:
  - Werification phase whether the use-case generates the right hits with reliable alerting;
  - possibility to perform tests based on scenarios.









- Priority:
  - prioritizing the use case to determine urgency and impact;
  - © collaboration with customer and SOC;
  - Based on policy and business requirements;
  - ® remains an ongoing process, requires good collaboration between the SOC and customer.
- Output:
  - ⑤ final events generated, dashboards, workflow actions, incident review, response plans etc.







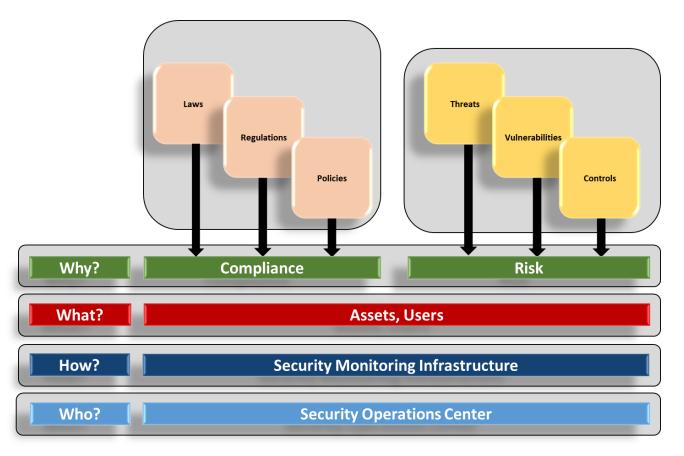


#### **MAGMA** Use-case Framework

The MaGMa Use Case Framework (UCF) is a framework and tool for use case management and administration on security monitoring

Now: Use-case: bottom-up

Future: Risks/Compliance: top-down

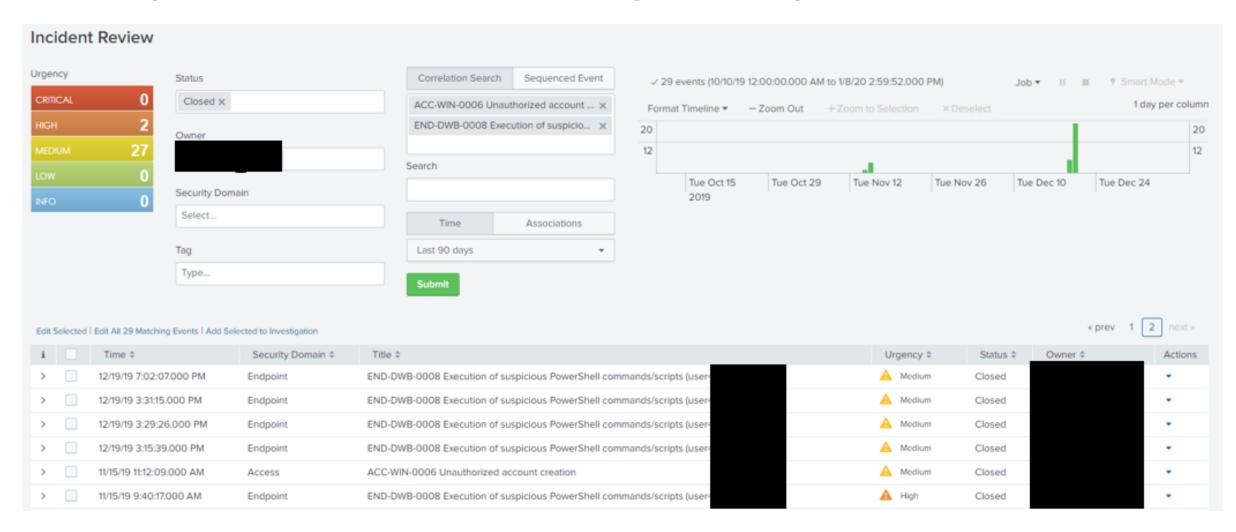








### Security Incident and Event Management system







#### Outside to inside: DDoS detection

96 % IP's from other Country's  Russia(25%)	92 % IP's from other Country's	0% IP's from other Country's  Russia	TCP/53169 (2%) #1 Attack NON UDP  Russia	_	Australia
4 % IP's from NL	8 % IP's from NL	0 % IP's from NL	UDP/DNS (79%) #1 Attack UDP	#1 IP	101.178.237.246 #1 IP
331609	72684 Unieke IP's	<b>240</b> Unieke IP's	317831 UDP packets	O Hits Src IP session Limits	47 Hits Dest IP session Limits
Rulebase & Screening	Rulebase Q 1 1 1 1 1 m ago	Screening	Amplification Type	Src IP session Limits	Dest IP session Limits







## Outside to Inside - RED-/BLUE-TEAM DDoS Exercise

- Twice a year:
  - wolume-based DDoS test;
  - applicative DDoS test.



de volksbank



Nationaal Cyber Security Centrum Ministerie van Veiligheid en Justitie



Rijkswaterstaat Ministerie van Infrastructuur en Milieu



Logius Ministerie van Binnenlandse Zaken en Koninkrijksrelaties



Ministerie van Defensie



Belastingdienst

UNIVERSITY OF TWENTE.























#### **Outside to inside - DDoS Exercise - Preparation**

- Set targets and inform customers.
- RED/BLUE-team exercise.
- Roles: RED-team, BLUE-team, Observers, Game Leaders
- Peering mapping and configuring (routing over the
  - Internet).
- Prepare indemnification statements.
- Arrange catering.
- Communication to providers and internet nodes
  - (AMS-ix and NL-ix).
- Gameboard and Test Bed (PURPLE-Teaming).



Always expect the unexpected (things can always happen that were not foreseen).

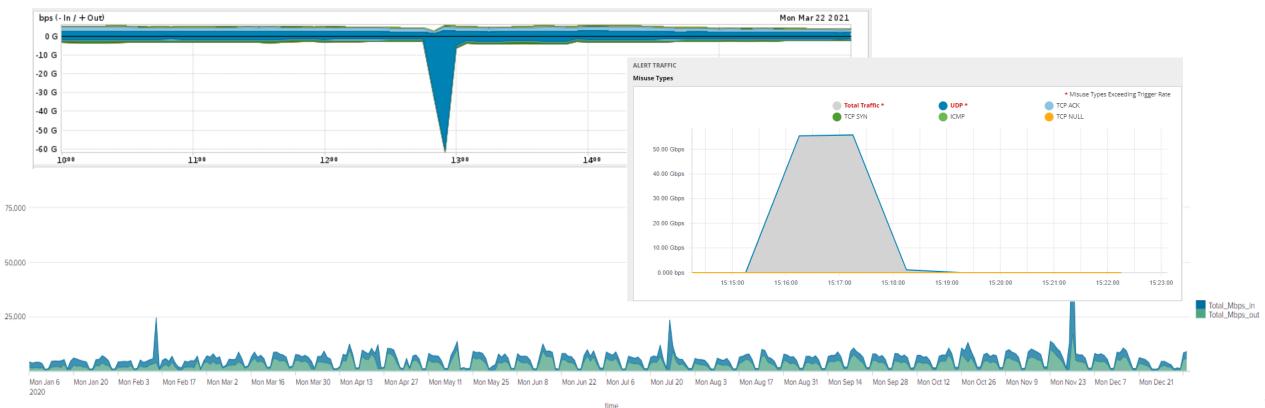






## Outside to inside - DDoS attacks 2020/2021/2022

- 4 major DDoS numbers (February, July and November 2020, March 2021)
- Dependency external parties for example: DNS Providers
- Two months and continuing of PSRD DNS dictionary attacks



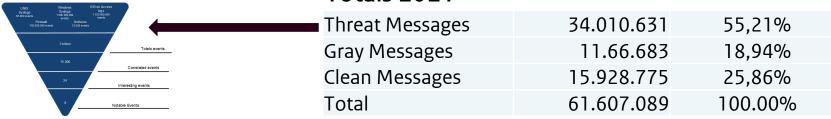




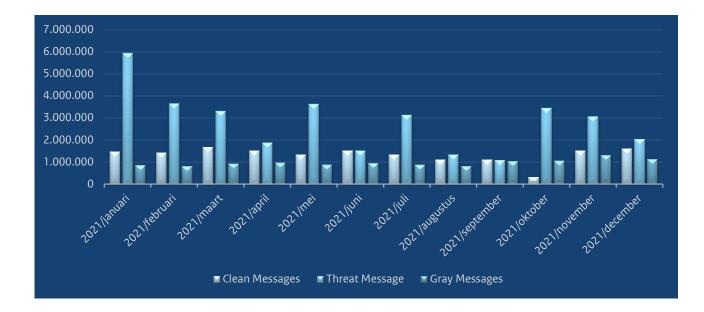


#### **Outside to Inside - External Mail**

#### Totals 2021





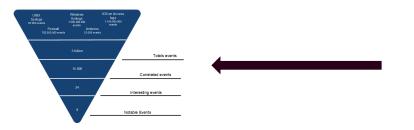








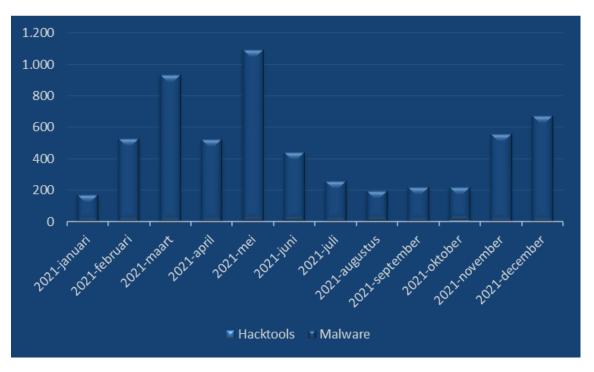
## Inside to outside/inside - Malware workstations



#### Totals 2021

- Malware 5799
- Hacktools 29



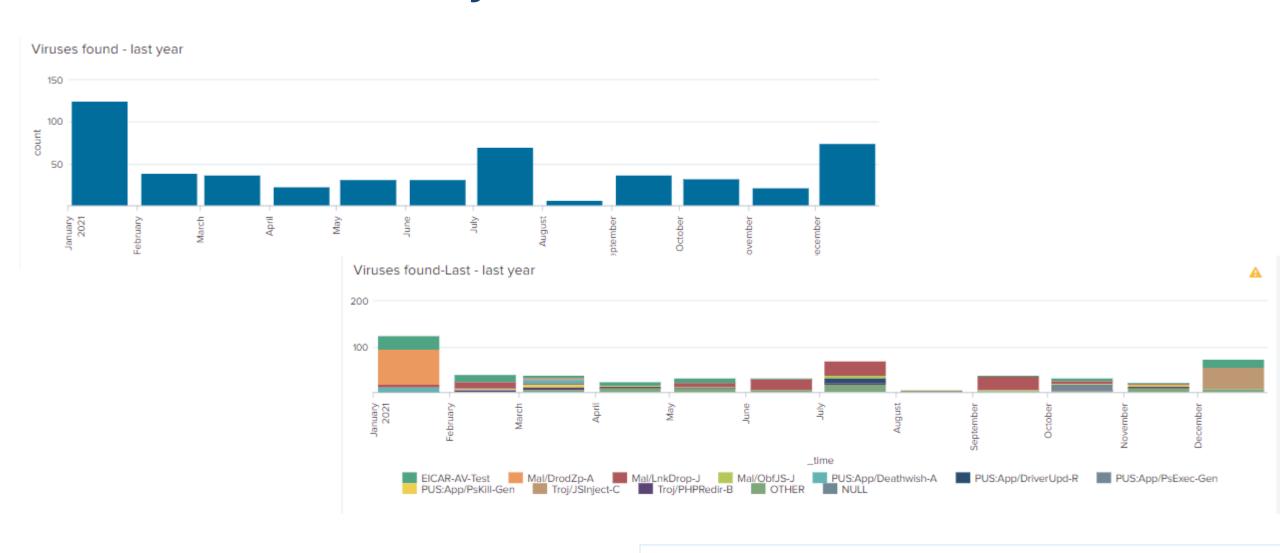








## Inside to outside - Proxy servers



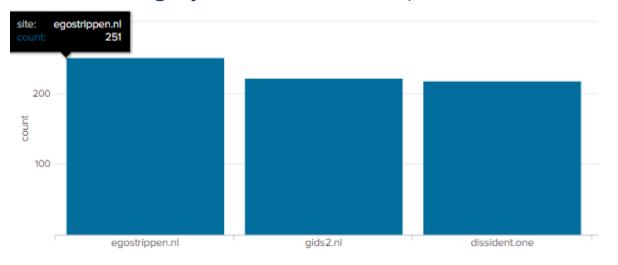




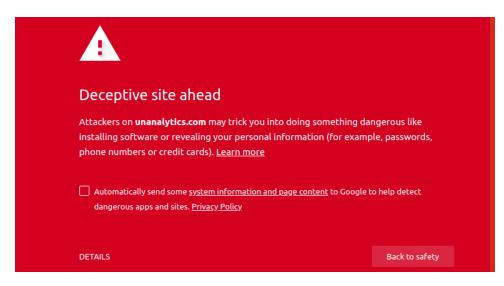


## Inside to outside - Proxy servers

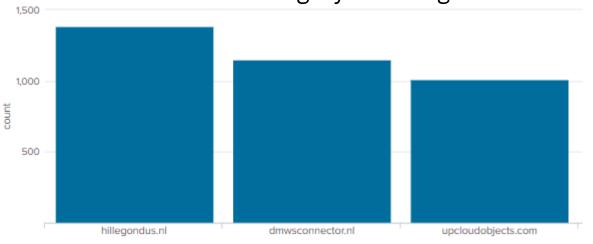
#### Category: Malicious Sources/Malnets







#### Category: Phishing

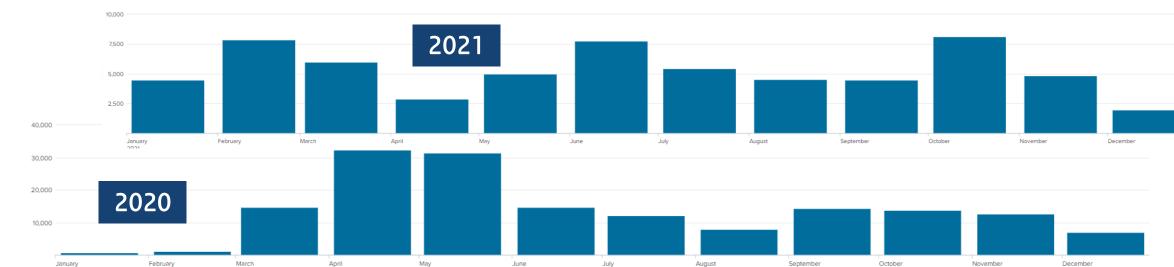


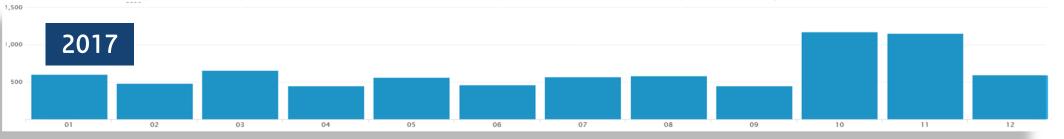






# e-mails received	2017	2020	2021
valse-email@belastingdienst.nl	7.791	162.624	63.200

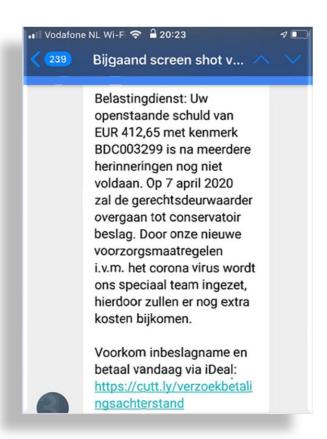




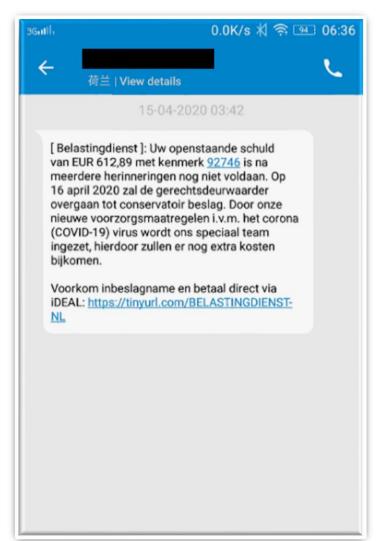










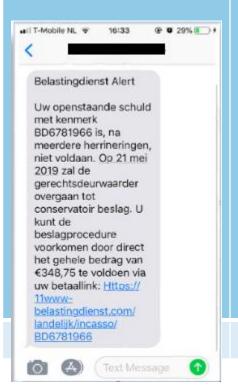




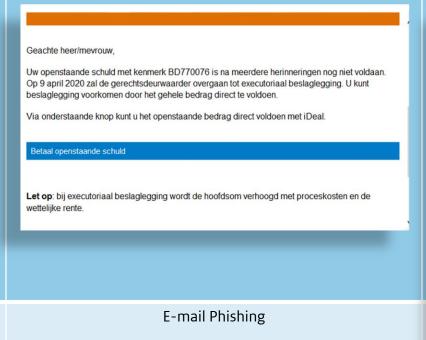




#### Evolutie van Phishing naar SMishing/Phishing

















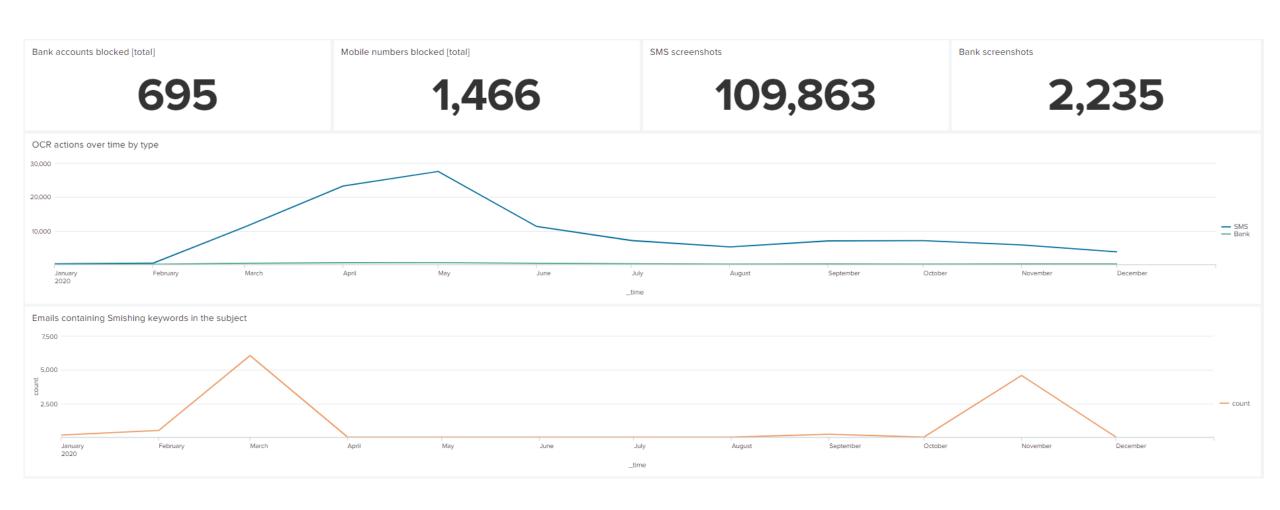


















Ik heb helaas dit bedrag overgemaakt!

Mvg M. Town \_e

Verstuurd vanaf mijn iPhone

Begin doorgestuurd bericht:

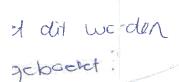
Van: "Belastingdienst" <belastingaangifte@belastingdienst.nl>

Datum: 23 augustus 2015 11:05:10 CEST

Aan: ma\_\_\_\_\_al

Onderwerp: Belastingaangifte 2014

Antwoord aan: belastingaangifte@belastingdienst.nl



Van:Belastingdienst <br/> <belastingaangifte@belastingdienst.nl>

Antwoord-naar:belastingaangifte@belastingdienst.nl

Aan:

BETAALD PEL 15 AUG 2015

BETAALD PER DAIL 0 5 AUG 2015

Geachte heer/mevrouw.

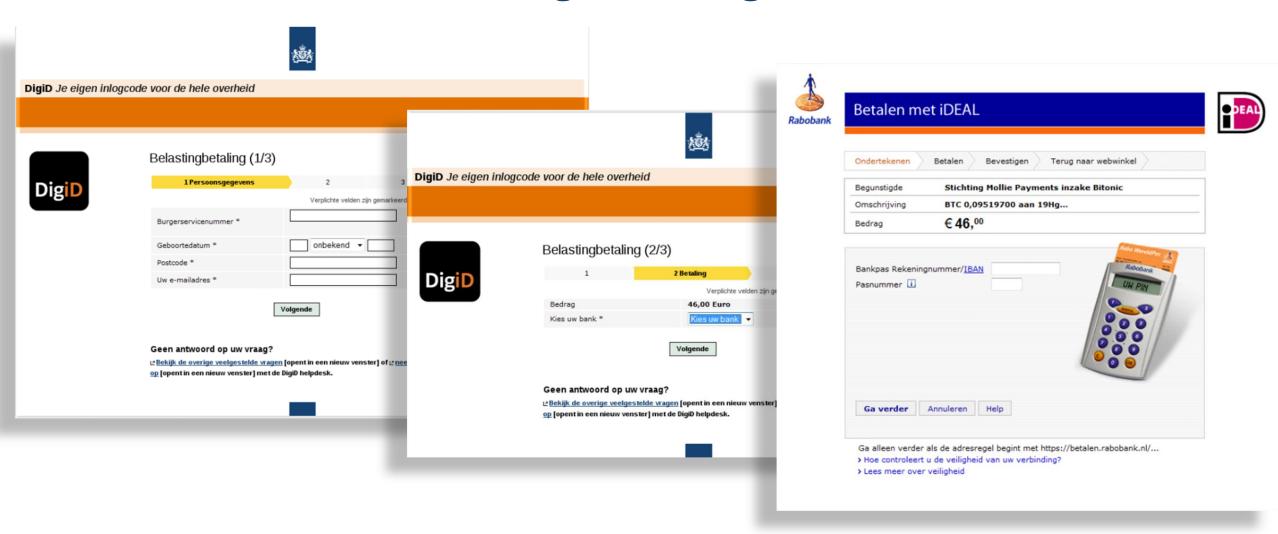
Bij controle van onze administratie hebben wij geconstateerd dat er een betaling gebruik and

















[Success] BTC Address: <bitcoin wallet>

idc:<ssn>

dbd: 01

dbm: 9

dby: <geboortejaar>

zip:<zipcode>

eml: <email adres>

bid: ideal\_RABONL2U

-----

IP: 84.26.XX.XX9

USERAGENT: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64)

AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/35.0.1916.153

Safari/537.36

Success] BTC Address: <bitcoin wallet>

idc:<ssn>

dbd: 21

dbm: 11

dby: <geboortejaar>

zip:<zipcode>

eml: <email adres>

bid: ideal\_RABONL2U

-----

IP : 77.169.XXX.XX8

USERAGENT: Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 10.0; Windows NT

6.1; WOW64; Trident/6.0)

\_\_\_\_\_









### Outside to outside - Phishing, SMishing, and SPAM





#### Belastingteruggave

Geachte b.schrijver@xmsnet.nl,

Na de laatste jaarlijkse berekeningen van uw fiscale activiteit, hebben wij vastgesteld

dat u in aanmerking komt voor belastingteruggave. De belastingteruggave dient u aan te vragen dit wordt binnen 14 werkdagen verwerkt.

In uw situatie is geconstateerd dat u belasting ontvangt over het jaar 2016. Om uw belastingteruggave aan te vragen klikt u op de DigiD logo en doorloopt u de stappen.

Een teruggave kan worden uitgesteld voor een verscheidenheid van redenen.

Bijvoorbeeld het indienen van ongeldige records of toepassen na de deadline.

#### Let op!

Bewaar deze brief/e-mail bij uw andere papieren.

Zo hebt u belangrijke informatie over de Belastingdienst bij de hand.

Met vriendelijke groet,

Jos Paal

Belastingdienst

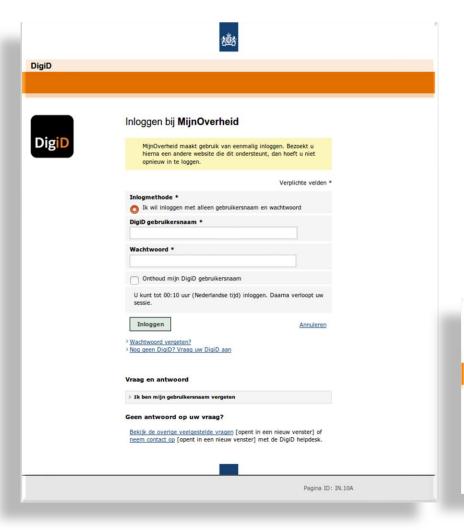
Afdeling Administratie

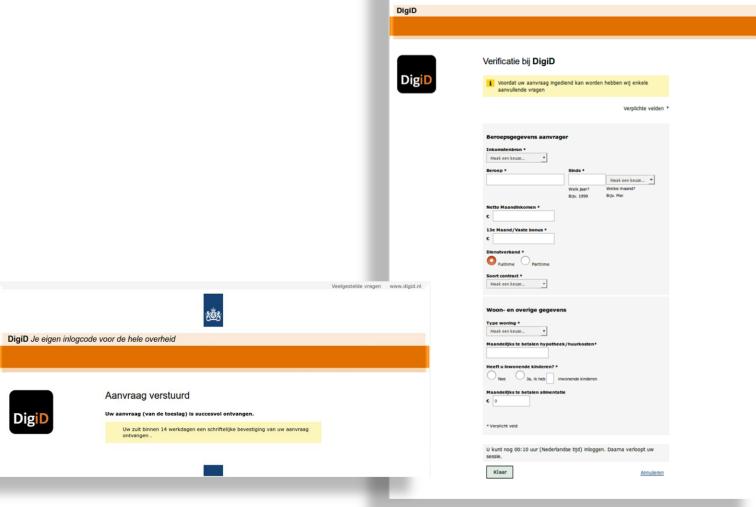






Outside to outside - Phishing, SMishing, and SPAM



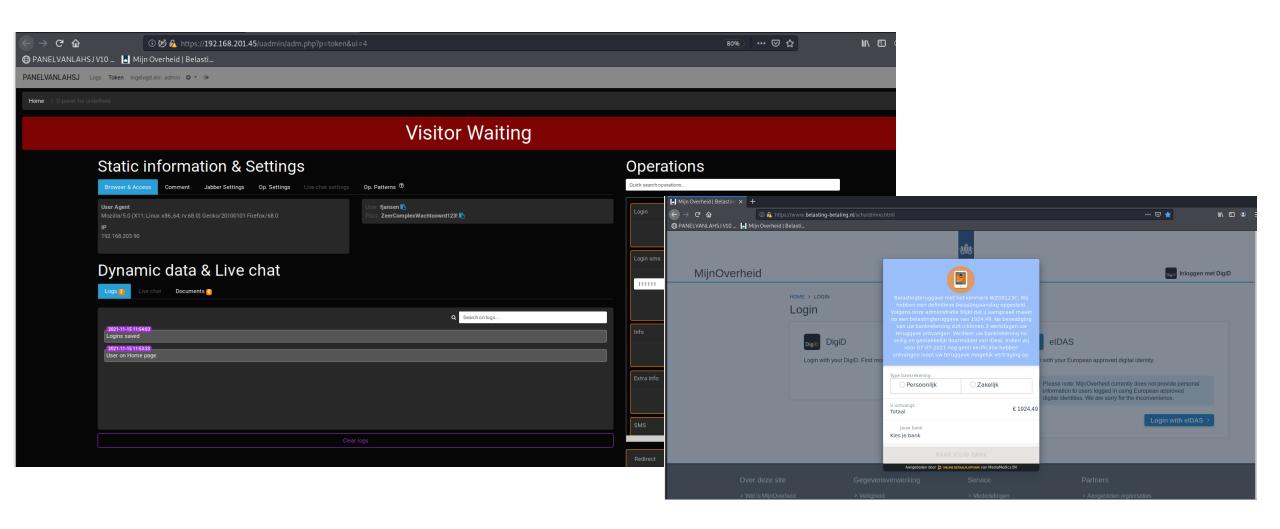








### Outside to outside - Phishing, SMishing, and SPAM

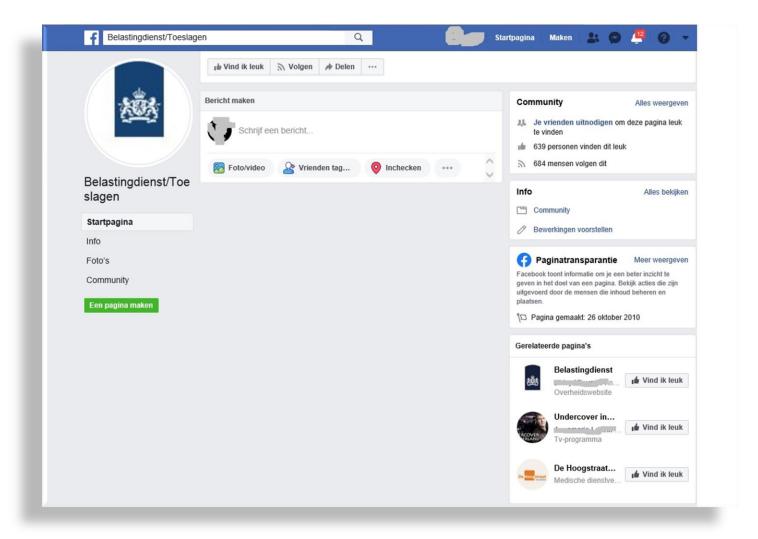








# Outside to Outside - Phishing, SMishing, and SPAM

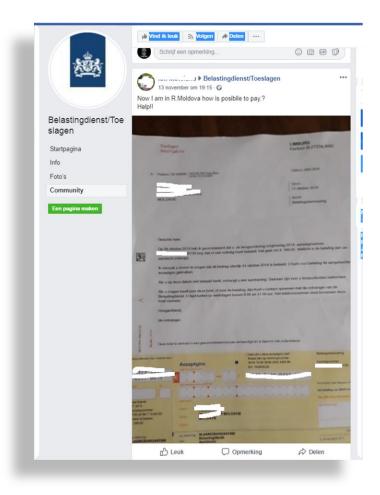








### Outside to outside - Phishing, SMishing and SPAM











### Outside to Inside – Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure

- 69 Responsible Disclosure notifications received.
- 41 trophies awarded to the reporter for a vulnerability found.
- Multiple reports received about the same vulnerability (e.g. clickjacking).



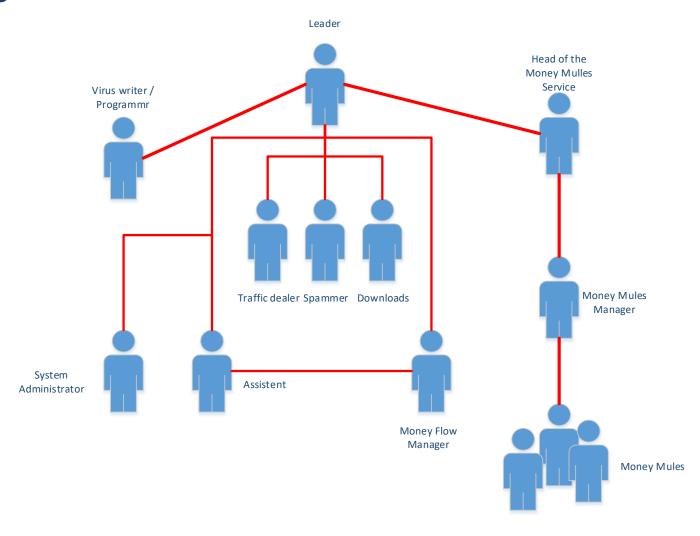








# **Example of Cyber Criminal Network**









#### **Partnerships**

- National Response Network
  - goal: The National Response Network (NRN) is a collaborative effort with the goal of strengthening the joint response to cybersecurity incidents;
  - based on a signed covenant;
  - published in the Dutch Government Gazette.













COMPUTER EMERGENCY RESPONSE TEAM VOOR DE ZORG

Link: <a href="https://zoek.officielebekendmakingen.nl/stcrt-2020-12976.html">https://zoek.officielebekendmakingen.nl/stcrt-2020-12976.html</a>







#### **Partnerships**

- Dutch antiDDoS coalition.
  - Outch Tax and Customs Administration is chair of the working group Exercises



Working group on fighting SMishing with banks, prosecution office, law enforcement, and internet providers. Chair is the COIN association.









#### **Partnerships**

- o-IRT-o, public-private partnership between SOC/CERT within the Netherlands.
- NCSC liaison consultation, PPS at tactical level.
- ISACs, including the RijksISAC.
- Splunk Working Group with Tax Administrations of Norway, Denmark, Netherlands and the UK.
- TAX-ISAC with Tax Administrations of the UK, USA, Canada.
- J-SOC, operational cooperation between SOCs within the Dutch National Government.







### **Joint Security Operations Center**

2010 - Establishment of SOC BLD

2013 - SOC Phase 2

2013 - Establishment of SOC RWS

2014 - Nuclear Security Summit

2014 - Establishment SOC SSC-ICT

2014 - The Virtual State SOC (Noordbeek)

2015 - GCCS & ONE Conference

2015 - Idea Joint SOC

2016 - CTO Council



2017 - Threat Intel Platform

2017 - VERIS Incident Taxonomy

2017 - Joint training plan

2018 - Best practice 2.0

2018 - Connecting DICTU

2019 - Blue Team Working Group

2020 - Connecting DUO

2020 - Start J-SOC Best Practice 3.0

2021 - JenV SOC connection











## Origin of J-SOC

- Research of Min BZK into the Virtual Governmental SOC
- (BZKSOC4 Report Virtual Government SOC v1.0
- Operational cooperation between:
  - Tax Authority
  - Rijkswaterstaat
  - Shared Service Center ICT
  - DICTU
  - DUO
  - Mational Cyber Security Center
  - SOC MinJ&V
  - Ministry of Defense
- Knowledge sharing and alignment of processes/organization
- Wirtueel SOC. Own responsibilities.



#### DEPARTEMENTAAL VERTROUWELIJK

Directoraat-generaal Organisatie en Bedrijfsvoering Rijk

Een advies over

Het Virtuele Rijks Security Operations Centre (SOC)

Definitieve versie: 1.0







- The follow-up to SIM3 measurement. SIM3 measures for CERT less for SOCs.
- We need to compare the maturity of various services.
- Starting point:
  - Starting from the SOC-CMM model (version 2.1 'advanced'), where can the J-SOC improve?
- Strengthen each other "Where are you good in and I a little less and how can you help me?"







- ® Run as self-assessments and then compare results. Not a good plan. The problem is the interpretation of questions.
- The self-assessment was done by SOC Team Lead with support from the SOC Manager and SOC Analysts.
- The approach was:
  - can a measurement result be substantiated ("Tell me");
  - is the necessary evidence available for it ("Show me").
- © Can be resolved by having one organisation perform all SOC-CMM measurements in line with SIM3 maturity measurements.







- Process implementation SOC-CMM self-assessment:
  - kick-off session with agreements on delivery of evidence to make comparison easier;
  - conduct self-assessment by SOC-Leads;
  - group interview per domain;
  - ® the highest-scoring organisation compared with the lowest-scoring organisation.

		Org1	Org2	Org3	Org4	High Score	Lowest score
Domain	Aspect						
Business	1. Business Drivers						
	2. Customers						
	3. Charter						
	4. Governance						
	5. Privacy						
Overall	Business						
People	1. Employees						
	2. Roles and Hierarchy						
	3. People Management						
	4. Knowledge Management						
	5. Training and Education						
Overall	People						







- Follow-up steps:
  - feedback is given by domain for improvement SOC-CMM;
  - ® looking for one organisation to conduct SOC-CMM measurement for all participants;
  - conduct the SOC-CMM assessment yearly;
  - Investigate whether that applies to all domains or a focus domain per year;
  - ® the basis for the new J-SOC Best Practice. The good news is that there will also be a **TLP:CLEAR** version.





